# MENTAL WELLNESS (Well-being of Mind)



# Achieving Mental Wellness (Well-being of Mind)

Have confidence and positive thinking/ self-esteem

 Manage stress with relaxation, exercise, prayer, meditation, and mindfulness

 Avoid unhealthy relationships, unsafe sexual practices, violence, and the misuse of tobacco, alcohol, and other addictive drugs

### Achieving Well-being of Mind: - continued

 Acquire knowledge, understanding, and wisdom through education and training.

Earn, save, and spend money wisely

Work, be active and productive

### Achieving Well-being of Mind - continued

Have fun with family and friends

Laugh, enjoy life, and maintain a positive attitude

Love and respect others and yourself

Seek professional counseling and mental health services when needed

# **Managing Stress**



#### What is Stress?

Your reaction to any event that requires you to change or act.

You can learn to manage stress because it is the result of how you respond to change.

#### What causes Stress?

Any event or thing that requires you to change the way you usually function.

We all have our own ways of responding to change, therefore, the causes of stress can be different for each person.

#### **Common Stress Producing Events**

- death
- heavy traffic
- marriage
- deadlines
- job change
- accidents
- new job
- money problems

#### **Common Stress Producing Events**

- crowds
- conflict
- pregnancy
- legal problems
- moving
- divorce
- retirement
- illness

#### **Behavioral Signs of Stress**

- over- reacting
- poor appetite
- withdrawing from relationships
- changing jobs often
- feeling agitated most of the time
- using alcohol or drugs

#### **Physical Signs of Stress**

- headache
- neck pain
- back pain
- fatigue
- upset stomach
- heart burn
- constipation
- diarrhea

#### **Physical Signs of Stress**

- weight loss
- weight gain
- high blood pressure
- shortness of breath
- chest pain
- heart attack

#### **Results of Stress**

Worrying a lot about things such as family, work, and money problems.

 Feeling tired, sad, hopeless, and thinking that there is no way out of your situation

Feeling nervous and depressed

#### **How to Reduce Stress**

- Recognize and become aware of how your body and mind react and respond to stress producing events.
- Choose an effective way to respond to stress producing events.
- Avoid events or things that produce stress, but this is not always possible.

Change how you react and respond to the stress producing event.

#### **How to Reduce Stress**

- Don't worry about things you can't control
- Do something about things you can control
- Prepare to the best of your ability for events that you know may produce stress
- Work to resolve conflict with other people
- Ask for help from friend, family, or professionals
- Set realistic goals at home and at work

#### **How to Reduce Stress**

- Mediate
- Pray
- Exercise
- Get away from your daily stress with group sports, social events, and hobbies
- Don't try to do more than you really can
- Say no if someone asks you to do something you don't have time or ability to do
- Try to look at change as a challenge, not a threat



Take a few slow deep breaths

Think positively

Focus on the good things in your life



Count to ten before you react to the stressful situation.

This makes you stop, think, and relax.



Exercise, walk or jog during the day



Take a good stretch.

Stretching makes muscles relaxed and helps you feel less tense.



Listen to music, sing and dance



Take hot baths or showers to help relax.



Message tense muscles

Muscles in the back of the neck and upper back



Talk to family and friends about your feelings



Get help when you need it.

# Relaxation Techniques

Deep breathing

Visualizing

Muscle Contracting and Relaxing

Meditating

Stretching and Exercising

## **Deep Breathing**

#### **Steps to deep-breathing:**

- 1. Lie down on a flat surface or sit upright in a comfortable chair
- 2. Place both hands on your stomach, just above your naval
- 3. Breathe in slowly and try to make your stomach rise
- 4. Breathe out slowly and let your stomach go back down
- 5. Count to 3 as you breath in and count to 4 as you breathe out
- 6. Focus on the movement of air in and out of your nose and the rhythm of your breathing

# Visualizing

#### Visualizing involves the following steps:

- 1. Begin deep breathing
- 2. Imagine or see yourself experiencing a pleasant feeling, place, or event
- 3. Do not become frustrated with wandering thoughts just let them flow in/out of your mind, just focus on your breathing and your vision

## **Muscle Contracting and Relaxing**

1. Choose muscle groups in specific body parts such as face/neck, chest/abdomen, upper/lower extremities

2. Tighten (contract) for a count of ten and then release (relax).

3. Focus on the difference between tight muscles and relaxed muscles.

# Meditating

- Meditating involves focusing on a specific thought, feeling, or body movement.
- 2. You can meditate by performing exercises that use the same motions over and over, like walking, running, or swimming.
- 3. You can meditate by stretching your muscles, focusing on deep-breathing, or while you are visualizing.